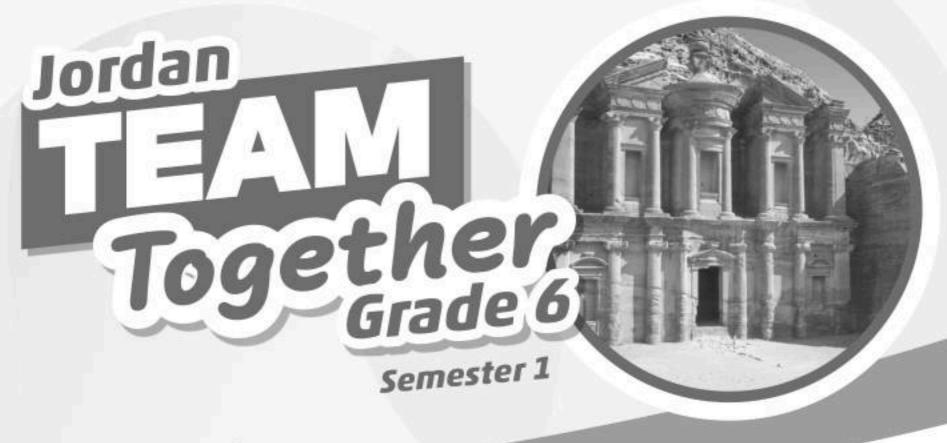
المركز الوطني لتطوير المناهج National Center for Curriculum Development





Activity Book

Evaluation and Adaptation Committee

Prof. Fawwaz Mohammad Al-Abed Al-Haq (Head)
Dr. Manal Fahed Aburumman (Coordinator)

Prof. Ahmad Hamad Alkhawaldeh Prof. Majed Abdelkarim Al-Quran Abeer Jamil Abu Rayyan

Publisher: The National Center for Curriculum Development

The National Center for Curriculum Development is pleased to have your feedback and comments on this book through the following contact details:



06-5376262 / 237



06-5376266



P.O.Box: 2088 Amman 11941



@nccdjor



feedback@nccd.gov.jo



www.nccd.gov.jo

The Ministry of Education has decided to adopt this book for Jordanian schools in accordance with the approval of the Higher Council of the National Curriculum Center in its meeting No. 4/2025 on 6/5/2025 and the approval of the Board of Education decision No. 91/2025 in its meeting No. 2/2025 on 17/6/2025 for the 2025/2026 academic year.

© Pearson Education Limited and York Press Ltd. 2025

ISBN: 978-9923-41-933-5

The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan

Deposit number by the National Library Department

(2025/3/1678)

Primary indexing data for the book

Book title Jordan Team Together, Grade 6: Activity Book, Semester 1

Prepared by / staff Jordan National Center for Curriculum Development

Publication data Amman: National Center for Curriculum Development, 2025

Classification number 375.001

Descriptors /Curriculum Development//Courses//Levels of Education/

Edition data First edition

The author bears full legal responsibility for the content of their work, and this work does not express the opinion of the National Library Department.

The right of Robert Quinn to be identified as author of this work has been asserted by him in accordance with the Royal Legislative Decree, 12 April 1/1996, which approves the consolidated text of the Law of Intellectual Property Rights.

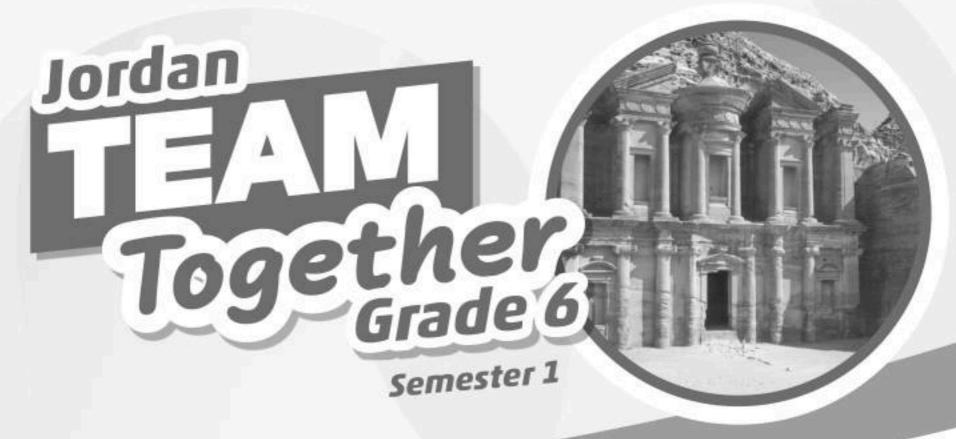
The publishers would like to thank Viv Lambert, Kirstie Grainger and Gareth Vaughan for their contribution.

All rights reserved; no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise without the prior written permission of the Publishers.

First edition (trial): م 2025 / م 1446

المركز الوطني لتطوير المناهج National Center for Curriculum Development





Activity Book

Contents

Welcome The WOW! Team 2	Lara's Learning Club
1 Free-time fun 4	Language booster 2 46
2 Technology	Festivals
	Tree Day
Lara's Learning Club	
Language booster 1 24	Belonging to My School Day49
3 Places 26	Wordlist 50
4 Happy homes 36	Irregular verbs 56

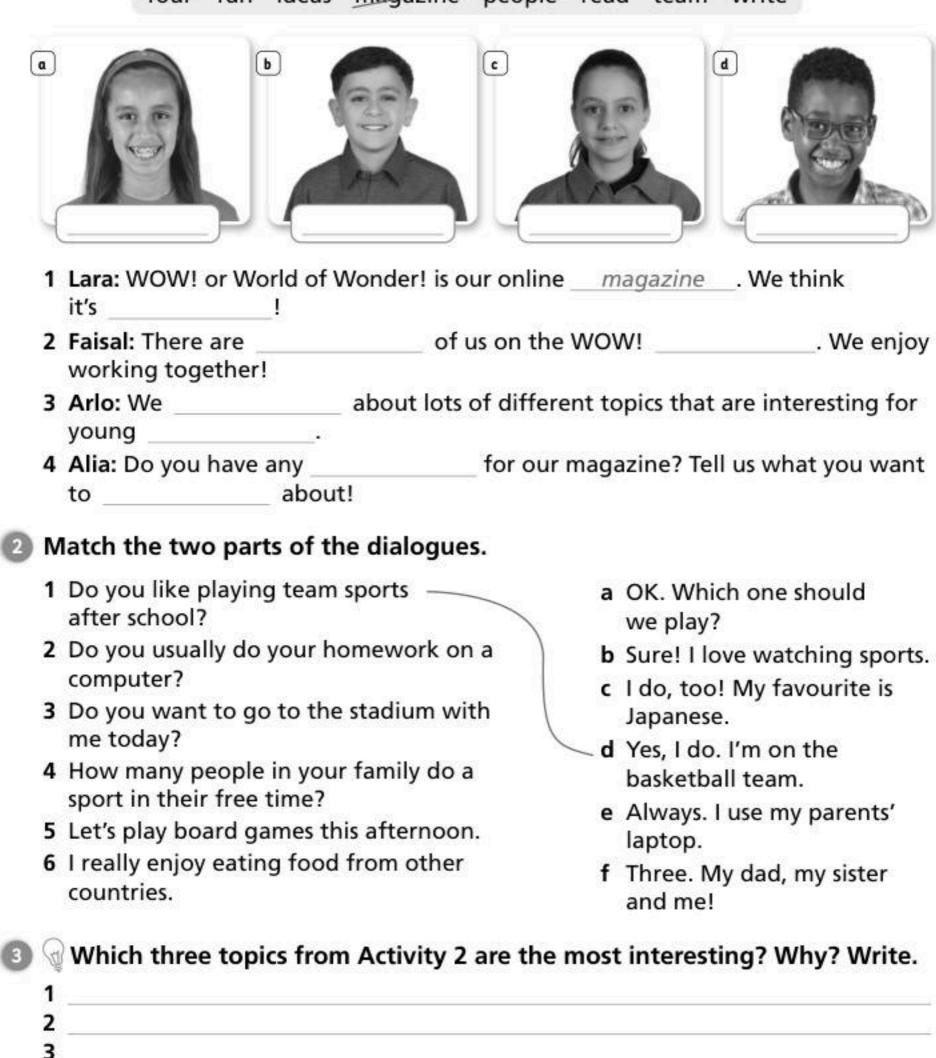






Write the names of the WOW! Team. Then read and complete.

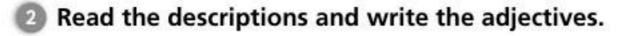
four fun ideas magazine people read team write

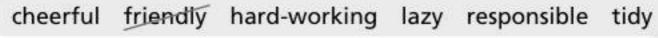




Read and circle the correct words.

- 1 Arlo has got curly / straight hair. It's black.
- 2 Lara's hair is short / long and dark.
- 3 Faisal has got fair / dark hair. It's very short.
- 4 Alia's hair is fair / black.
- 5 Arlo says that he's good / bad at sports.
- 6 Lara and Alia have got green / brown eyes.
- 7 Faisal isn't tall. He's short / medium-height.
- 8 Alia says that she's confident / shy.





- 1 We love meeting new people. We're <u>friendly</u>.
- 2 I'm always happy. I'm _____.
- 3 He's always studying. He's . . .
- 4 She doesn't study much. She's ______.
- 5 He cleans his room often. He's
- 6 She helps others and follows rules. She's





Read and complete the adjectives.

- 1 I always say 'thank you'. I'm polite
- 2 Talal doesn't speak much. He's q
- 3 I feel nervous around new people. I'm s_
- You always help people. You're very k
 He believes he can do things well. He's c
- 6 My room is a mess sometimes. I'm quite u

Complete the sentences about you and your partner. Then compare your answers.

About me		About my partner		
I've got	<u>22</u> €0	My friend's got		
l'm		My friend is		
and		and		
I'm also		He's / She's also		
I'm not	26	My friend isn't		



Free-time fun

Vocabulary

- Read and circle the correct words.
 - 1 We sometimes play /go/ do skiing in the mountains.
 - 2 My brother and I often play / go / do table tennis at home.
 - 3 Farid and his dad often play / go / do archery together.
 - 4 My friends and I don't play / go / do badminton very often.
 - 5 I don't play / go / do athletics in the summer. It's too hot!
 - 6 Many people play / go / do ice skating at the ice rink.



Look at the pictures. Read and complete the messages.



Read the I'm learning box. Complete the table with sports from Pupil's Book page 9. Then add more sports you know.

į	I'm learning —
	Making lists
	Making lists can help you learn
	and remember new words. For
	example, you can make lists of
	sports with play, go and do.

Write five sentences about your favourite sports.



Pupil's Bo	nd complete t ok page 10. Th	nen listen ar	nd check.	ialogue on	
1 What	are you	doing,	, Faisal?	-A@	
2		really do a	III those sports	?	-6
3 Well, I g	o		every day.		Co
4		do you go	snowboarding	g?	
5 I		go snow	boarding.	3 6	1113
6 I'm learn	ning to ski, but I			very often.	
	am sports does en does Arlo go		He plays baske	etball and volley	ball.
3 When d	oes Faisal play f	ootball?			
4 Who do	es Faisal do arch	nery with?			
2 sports 3 often	hat doing n do What do you play do o often scoo	you football		ou doing now?	
	nd complete t	he dialogue Really?		ou're so funny!	
	V	1		4	
	t like basketball. eally? It's my	favourite	Manal:	o athletics every d	ay after school. You hate
2 Laila: I'm go	ing scooting tom	orrow.	Lubna: No	t any more. I wan	t to stay health
Maha: grea Laila: Yes. V	t! /hy don't you cor	That's	4 Laith: Loo Malek:	k! I can walk like a	penguin!

Present simple and Present continuous

Listen and complete the sentences. Use the Present simple or Present continuous.



1	Habib _	is talking	to Ibrahim
	at the m	noment	

- 2 Habib _____ table tennis with Amer right now.
- 3 Habib _____ on Mondays.
- 4 Ibrahim _____ every day.
- 5 Jawad always after school.



- Underline the mistakes and write the correct sentences.
 - 1 I read a book at the moment.

 I'm reading a book at the moment.
 - 2 We're playing football twice a week.
 - 3 Are you going swimming often in the summer?
 - 4 Does Suha wear a blue shirt today?
 - 5 He isn't doing any sport on Mondays.
 - 6 They don't cycle because it's raining.

)	Read and complete the sentences.
	Use the Present simple or Present
	continuous.

1	Samia	is talking	(talk) with		
	her frier	nd Muna at the	moment.		
2	My frien	ds and I			
	(not/go)	skiing very oft	en.		
3		Mu	stafa		
	(do) his				
	homework right now?				
4	I sometii	mes			
	(play) ta	ble tennis with	my brother.		
5		yc	our parents		
		(g	o) to footbal		
	matches	?			
6	You		(not/wear)		

Make Present simple or Present continuous questions. Then write true answers for you.

your sports clothes now.

- 1 what / sports / you / like What sports do you like? I like ...
- 2 what / you / wear / today
- 3 you / do / homework / now
- 4 your / teacher / speak / English
- 5 it / rain / at the moment
- Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions from Activity 4.

After you read Read the story on Pupil's Book page 12 again. Who says these sentences in the story? Write.

1 _	Mum	Why don't we play board games?
2		But I draw pictures in Art class.
3 _		It's OK. I'll just watch cartoons.
4		Do you like board games now, girls?

5 _____ Hello! What are you all doing?



Read and number the events in the story from 1 to 6.

a _	Nawal draws pictures for the	d 1	Reem can't do athletics because
	board game.		it's raining.
b _	Reem and her mum decide to make a board game.	е	They all play the game.
c _	Randa makes the pieces for the board game.	f	Reem and her mum are making a board game when Nawal comes in.

Read the sentences and circle T (true) or F (false). Explain your answers.

1	Reem loves playing board games.	T/F	She says that she hates
			playing board games.
2	Reem doesn't want to do a puzzle.	T/F	
3	Nawal doesn't want to help.	T/F	
4	Randa prefers making models.	T/F	
5	The girls don't enjoy playing the game.	T/F	

Read the Work with words box. Write the questions. Then write true answers for you.

Work with words

do + noun

We use the verb do in some expressions with nouns.

I do homework in the evening. We do athletics in PE.



1	you / a lot of homework?				
	Do you do a lot of homework?				
	Yes, I do.				

2 your mum / p	uzzles?
----------------	---------

3	you	1	athletics	1	after	schoo	1?
---	-----	---	-----------	---	-------	-------	----

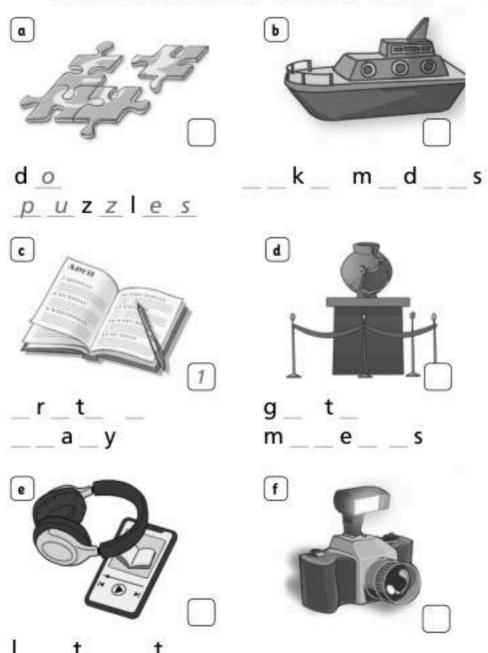
4 your friends / gymnastics?

Vocabulary and Grammar



ph

(1) Complete the hobbies. Then listen and number them in order.



Read and complete the sentences.

- 1 I like writing a <u>blog</u> on my computer about once a week.
- 2 My sister is really into books, so she often goes to book
- 3 My friends and I watch

 Our favourites are about superheroes.
- 4 My grandparents do the _____ in their free time. They've got lots of plants.
- 5 I love art, and I often draw of my friends!
- 6 I enjoy playing _____ with my family in the evening, but I never win!

State verbs

3 Look, read and complete the sentences with affirmative or negative state verbs.

Write about yourself. Use hobbies from this lesson and your own ideas. Then compare with your partner.

1 Ilika

photos in their free time.

	I like	
	and	
2	I don't like	and
	l prefer	
3	I love	. It's great!

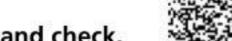


7		
r -	0	
	11	
Α.	L	
o.		ú

1	When you go <u>snorkelling</u>	in Aqaba, you of	ten see lots of amazing
2	There are	in Aqaba where yo	u can go
3	The art of writing is called to do it.	an	nd people use special
4	In Arab countries, it's a popular and	6 	with both children
5	Cross-country like Canada.	is popular in _	countries
6	Cross-country skiing is a good was keeps you	7.0	in the snow, and it
2 A	nswer the questions. Write c	omplete sentences	
1	What must people who go sno	rkelling be good at	?
	They must be good at swimmi		
2	When can you go fast while w	indsurfing?	
3	In which Arab countries is calli	graphy popular?	1
4	Why do people enjoy calligrap	hy?	
5	What weather is good for cross	s-country skiing?	
3 (i	Listen and complete the sur	mmary.	
	Horse riding is an 1 outdoor		ole can ²
	alone or with others. It is love	d all around the ³	, but it is very
	popular in Arab ⁴	. Arabian ⁵	are well-known
	for their ⁶ an	d speed. Many peop	ole ride horses for fun, and
	they also ride them in ⁷	. One of t	he largest is the Dubai

English in action

Making and responding to suggestions



Read and complete the dialogue. Then listen and check.

No, I don't think so. I don't like team sports.

That's a great idea! But I already write a diary, Tareq.

That sounds good! When is it? What's that?

Tareq: Why don't you write a blog, Samer?

Samer: 1 But I already write a diary, Tareq.

Tareq: You could play hockey.

Samer: 2

Tareq: OK. How about going to the Book Club at

school?

Samer: 3

Tareq: It's a club where you talk about books

you've read.

Samer: 4

Tareq: It's on Wednesdays. You could go this week!

Samer: 5



Read the dialogues. Write suggestions. Then act out the dialogues with your partner.



- 1 A: I really don't know what to do.B: Why don't you ______?2 A: I want to learn a new sport.
- B: How about _____?

 3 A: I don't know what to do this weekend.
 - B: You could .
- 4 A: I need a new hobby.
 - B: Why don't you
- 5 A: I find it hard to make friends.
 - B: You could





- 3 Listen and underline the stress words. Then practise with your partner.
- 1 I play hockey on Tuesdays.
- 2 He loves doing the gardening at school.
- 3 I enjoy playing the piano.
- 4 We play outdoors on the beach in the summer.



3 Where will you sleep?

Words in context	Reading
Read the definitions and write the	words.
freedom heat sun cream	energy eco-lodge route
1 something you put on skin to prote2 a place to sleep in the desert	ect it sun cream
3 physical power that we use to do t	hings
4 the way from one place to another	
5 the ability to do what you want in	your life
6 the quality of being hot	
Read the text on Pupil's Book page 19 write T (true), F (false) or DS (doesn't 1 Harry doesn't enjoy short cycling trips. DS They only mention long cycling trips they enjoy.	6 again. Then read the sentences and say). Explain your answers. 4 Alex is writing a blog post and some emails right now.
2 They're planning a trip to the Sahara Desert next week.	5 They did a very long cycling trip ten years ago.
3 Harry and Alex aren't using their tent tonight.	6 Next year, they want to cycle across North America.
Read the missing sentences from the page 16. Which questions do they go 1 Sometimes we have video chats with	with? Write.
2 We usually cycle in the morning or ev	
3 Alex wants to visit China and cycle alo	
4 Last year, we cycled across five countr 5 We always have lots of chocolate in o	18 October 1900 (1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 1900 190
6 Our best friends are people we met o	287 2 F 1 COLO 1 CO - PO -
7 We also have sleeping bags to keep u	
Viewing and presenting & Plan a cycling to with your partner and make notes. Sh	rip in your country. Discuss the questions are your ideas with the class.
1 Where will you start and finish?	4 What will you do in the evenings?
2 How long will you be away?	5 What equipment will you need?

6 Will you write a blog about it?

Writing

- Rewrite the sentences using contractions.
 - 1 I am learning to ski. It is difficult, but that does not stop me!

 I'm learning to ski. It's difficult, but that doesn't stop me!
 - 2 Faten and Ghada do not like gymnastics. They say it is hard. They are keen on athletics.

ein Writing

Make sure you form contractions correctly: it is = it's I have = I've does not = doesn't she is = she's

- 3 We have got football practice today. There is a match next week. It is the final game.
- 4 Sami is good at basketball, but he is not the best player on the team. That is me!
- 5 My friends are not keen on sports, but that is OK. They have got other interests.
- Write some questions for an interview about a sport.

Include lots of question words, e.g. What is your favourite sport? When do you usually play this sport?

Ask questions, e.g. What is the best thing about this sport? Where is the most interesting place you can play this sport?

Write questions that will find out interesting information, e.g. When did you start playing this sport? What do you have to wear to play this sport?

Now write your interview questions.

Check your work. Tick (✓) the steps you have done.

ARREST		
11	d	Z
10		в
-	d	

Have I included lots of question words?

Have I asked questions using the best, the most interesting, etc.?

Have I asked questions to find out	122
interesting information?	

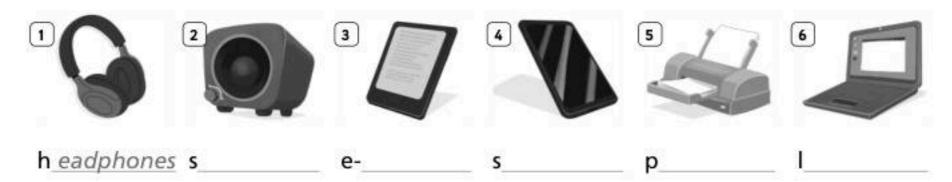
Have I used contractions correctly?

2

Technology

Vocabulary

Complete the technology words.



Read and complete the messages.

app devices digital camera password screen website

9	've g	ot l	ots of electronic	devices	but my favourite is
1	my _		Iw	ant to be a ph	otographer one day.
		2	I bought a football visit their	1	terday, and then I tried to t asked me for
			a	, but I did	n't have one.
3			a new _ toon animals on the	for smart	tphones. It shows and when
	you	tou	ch them, they make	funny noises!	

Read the I'm learning box. Then write three devices for each group.

Grouping words	1 They've got keyboards. phone,
Words are easier to learn	:
and remember if you	2 You can take photos.
think about them as	The state of the s
groups of similar things.	3 You go online.

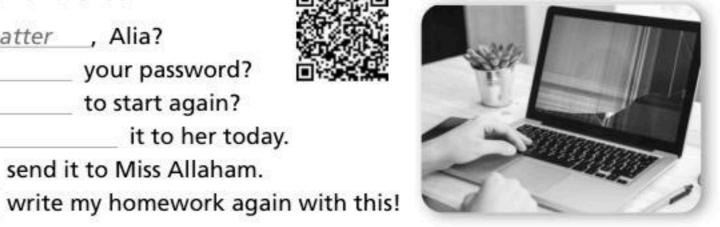
Write three or more sentences about the devices that you have got and what you use them for. Use the adverbs in the box.

always usually often sometimes never

6 |

0	Read and complete the sentences	from the dialogue on Pupil's Boo	k
-	page 20. Then listen and check.	(a) 23 22 (a)	

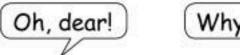
1	What's the	matter	, Alia?	
2	Did you	10.17-20-4-10-7/-	your password?	
3	Did you		to start again?	
4	You have to		it to her today.	
5	1	send	t to Miss Allaham.	



Read the dialogue again and answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

1	What does Alia always do?	She always does her homework.
2	What stopped working last night?	
3	Whose computer did Alia use?	
4	Why can't she print her work?	
5	What does Lara give to Alia?	
6	What does she finally have to do?	

Read and complete the dialogue. Then listen and check.



Why not? x 2

You're joking!



Grandma: What are you doing, Samar?

I'm writing an email to my teacher. Samar:

Oh! I didn't do that when I was a child. Grandma:

Really? 1 Why not? Samar:

Grandma: We didn't have computers when I was at

school.

You didn't use Samar:

computers at school?

Grandma: No, we didn't. It's true.

Samar: That's terrible!

I can't do homework without a computer.

Grandma: You could use

a pen and paper.

I know, but I write more quickly on a computer! Samar:



could/couldn't, had to/didn't have to

- Listen to Lubna and her grandma. Then circle the correct options.
 - 1 Lubna couldn't / didn't have to chat with her friends yesterday.
 - 2 When Grandma was young, she didn't have to / couldn't send messages on a smartphone.
 - 3 Grandma couldn't / had to use the phone at home to speak to her friends.
 - 4 Grandma and her friends couldn't / didn't have to meet every day to chat.
 - 5 Grandma had to / couldn't meet her friends at their houses to have conversations.
 - 6 Grandma and her friends had to / couldn't write letters and take them to the post office.
- Look at the pictures from the past and complete the sentences. Use could/couldn't or had to/didn't have to.



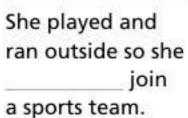
3

He <u>had to</u>
walk to school
because there
wasn't a school
bus.

She didn't have a TV, but she

listen to the radio.







8	Read and complete the sentences
_	for you. Use could/couldn't or
	had to/didn't have to and the
	verbs in brackets.

1	When I was three years old, I		
	didn't have to make	(make	
	my bed.		

2	1		_ (draw)	
	very well when	was four	years	old

3	when I was five, I	
		(make) my
	lunch	

4	1	(do) a lot
(Table	of homework when	I was six.

5	1	(study)
	English when I was seven.	000 HATE

Write four sentences about your life in the past in your notebook. Use could/couldn't and had to/ didn't have to and the ideas in the box.

> help my parents play sports read well ride a bike study a lot tidy my room

Compare your sentences from Activity 4 with your partner.

After you read Read the poem on Pupil's Book page 22 again. Find and write words that rhyme.

1 website <u>right</u>
2 alone

5 app 6 internet

3 more

7 brighter

4 down

- 8 screen
- Number the lines of the poem in order.

a ____ It will take you safely back home.

b ____ Try the blue and white one.

c ____ Why not read an e-book?

d <u>1</u> It's better than my last phone.

You need some information.

f ____ It doesn't take so much time.

g ____ The phone can take them better.



Read the Work with words box. Then write the adverbs.

Work with words

Adverbs ending in -ly

We can make adverbs by adding -ly to some adjectives: quick → quickly

If the adjective ends in a consonant and -y, we change the -y to -i:

happy → happily

- 1 easy _____ easily
- 2 bad
- 3 quiet
- 4 noisy
- 5 careful
- 6 slow
- Complete the sentences with the adverbs from Activity 3.
 - 1 I'm not very good at reading maps. I get lost very <u>easily</u>!

2 Raed doesn't talk a lot. He often sits _____ and reads.

3 My friend isn't a good artist. She draws quite ____

4 Adnan walks very _______. I always have to wait for him.

5 Please cross the street ______. Look both ways first!

6 The girls are playing ______. They're always so loud!

Write five sentences about you, your friends and your family. Use the adverb form of the words in the box.

bad careful clear easy nice noisy polite quiet safe slow

seventeen

- Read and circle the correct words.
 - 1 Don't press / go / upload a button if you don't know what it does.
 - 2 Let's search / press / watch a video about science for homework.
 - 3 We have to download / type / click a password to use the app.
 - 4 Can you help me upload / watch / type a photo to my blog?
 - 5 How many times do you send / go / take online every day?
 - 6 I didn't watch / turn / press on the computer. Did you?
- Read and complete the sentences with two or three words. Then listen and check your guesses.





	Adel needs t	o search	the	inte	rnet
	for facts for	his Scien	ce p	rojec	t.
120	N. 1912				Santanie.

2	Please	_ the TV
	now. It's time for bed.	

- 3 Dad says we can _____ from this website.
- 4 I want to _____ with my smartphone. Smile!
- 5 You _____ that icon to start the game.
- 6 I'm late. I have to

to my mum.

Comparative adverbs

Write sentences about Sana and Heba's schoolwork. Use comparative adverbs.

	Sana	Heba
1 listens carefully	/	Х
2 studies hard	Х	1
3 speaks clearly	/	Х
4 works fast	Х	1
5 learns easily	/	Х
6 writes well	X	1

1	Sana	listens more carefully than Heba.
2	Heba	
3	Sana	
4	Heba	
5	Sana	
6	Heba	

Write comparative sentences about you and your friends. Use the adverbs in the box and your own ideas. Then compare with your partner.

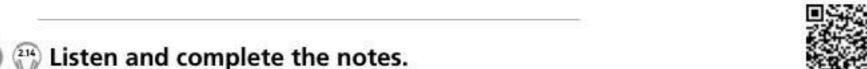
badly carefully clearly easily fast hard quietly slowly well

ĺ	I speak more clearly in English
	than my friend.



- After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 24 again. Match.
 - 1 People are using technology in Jordan
 - 2 Some children in Jordan can get
 - 3 Schools are using technology to
 - 4 More children all over Jordan
 - 5 Apps are helping many children

- a make lessons more interesting.
- **b** free courses online.
- c to learn other languages.
- d to help children study.
- e now have internet access.
- Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
 - 1 What do online learning platforms let students do? It lets them take free online courses.
 - 2 Which devices are some schools using to make lessons more fun?
 - 3 What do children learn in coding workshops?
 - 4 What does having internet access allow children to do?
 - 5 Which tool is helping children with disabilities learn more easily?



	/ 9			ì
	04	١.	4	1
- 16	Par.	N.		
135		-	1	
1	48	2	-	

Charity: Camara ¹ Education, which helps schools mainly in ²_____.

Objective: To fix old ³____ and put ⁴__ programs on them for children. They believe all children should be able to use ⁵_____.

Use: Children can practise ⁶ skills,

⁷_____ and coding.

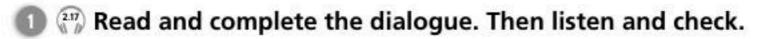
Result: Better learning opportunities in local 8

- Wiswing and presenting 🛜 💒 💭 Work in groups. Use the internet to find answers to the questions. Then share your information with the class.
 - 1 What do you use to type on a laptop?
 - 2 What part of the laptop shows images?
 - 3 Where does the electricity come from?
 - 4 Where does the laptop keep information?
 - 5 How do you connect a laptop to a printer?
 - 6 What other devices are used with a laptop?



English in action

Asking for help





at the screen my Science project search the internet that button this evening tidy the garage want to do your laptop



Heba:	Please can I use 1	your laptop	, Mum?
Mum:	Of course. What do	you ²	7
Heba:	I need to ³	.11	want to look
	at a science website turn it on?	e. Can you show	me how to
Mum:	That's easy. Press 4		there.
Heba:	OK. What next?		
Mum:	Look ⁵	. Click o	on that icon
	over there.		
Heba:	Thanks. Do you hav	ve time to help m ?	ie with
Mum:	Sorry, not now. I ha	ive to ⁷	
	OK. Could you help		

Read the questions and number the pictures. Then match the questions and answers.

Mum: Of course.

- 1 Do you have time to tidy the kitchen?
- 2 Could you go to the supermarket, please?
- 3 Can I use your laptop to write an email?
- 4 Do you have time to help me study?
- 5 Can you show me how to start this app?
- 6 Please can I use your printer to print my homework?
- a That's easy. Touch that icon there.
- **b** Of course. What do I need to buy?
- c Not right now. I'm going cycling.
- d Of course. Do you have a test?
- e Of course. Do you want to print it now?
- f Sorry, not now. I'm using it at the moment.



Pronunciation -

Listen and underline the unstressed words in the questions from Activity 2.



D	Read and com	ple	te the	sente	nces.									
	sol	ve	play	give	score	pr	ogram	(halle	nge				
۱۱	When you need	to		solve	a	pro	blem, i	t c	ften	help	s to	ask	a frie	end.
2 -	That game is too	eas	sy.		75 3	. у	ourself	w	ith so	met	hing	har	der!	
3	want to learn h	ow	to				a comp	ut	er so	l car	des	sign	gam	es.
1 1	In that game, pla	ayer	s			р	ints by	cc	llecti	ing s	ecre	t me	essag	es.
5 1	If you want to	-5.5			onlin	e, y	ou need	l a	fast	inte	rnet	con	necti	on.
; ,	You can			tips	to frier	nds s	o you c	an	all p	lay t	he o	ame	bet	er.
3 4	The problems g You have to tra The game can't	vel a	nore d aroun used v	lifficult d a city with all	, phone	pla	/·		You				5 6 6	
3 4 5 6	You have to tra The game can't Players write in The game gives	be stru you	nore d aroun used v ctions u tips 1	lifficult d a city with all to mo	as you , phone ve. better.	pla _y		5.						
3 4 5 6	You have to tra The game can't Players write in The game gives nswer the ques What do TopCi during the gam	vel be stru you stio ty p	nore d aroun used v ctions u tips t ns. W layers	lifficult d a city with all to mo to play rite co search	as you , phone ve. better. mplete	pla s. e se		oe	s You	ısuf (enjo	y the	e mo	st
3 4 5 6 A 1	You have to tra The game can't Players write in The game gives nswer the ques What do TopCi	vel a be stru you stio ty poe? r tre	nore d around used w ctions u tips t ns. W layers easure think	lifficult d a city with all to mo to play rite co search	as you , phone ve. better. mplete for	pla s. e sei 4	ntences	oe he oe	s You gam	isuf e e?	hav	ē:	W 920	72727

notes. Then share your ideas with the class.

- 1 What computer programs do you use the most?
- 2 What are your favourite computer games? Why?
- 3 What apps do you have on your smartphone?
- 4 How long are you usually online for each day?

Writing

Read the notes. Then complete the review.

When you plan, make notes. You don't need to write

3.4	含含含含含—Easy and fun!
ŀ	ceen on photography; lots
(of my friends use same app
F	Positive: can join lots of
9	groups; quite a good app,
١	very simple, easy to use;
ł	pasic tools for editing; app
i	s cheap – only 2 Jordanian
[Dinars
1	Negative: only see 4
ļ	ohotos at a time; can't
S	end any photos in private

	sentences!	neca to write	
☆☆☆☆- Easy and fun! by CameraKid			
I use The Photo Forum bed photography.	ause I'm 1	keen	on
A lot of my friends use this	s ²	, too.	
Positive points:			
1 There are lots of ³		to join.	
 2 It's quite a good app bed and it isn't hard to use. 3 The app has 5 	too	ols to edit photo	os
quickly and easily. Some			
4 The Photo Forum is cheat for the photo F	ip, too. It or ch isn't expe		
Negative points:			
1 You can only see 7		photos at onc	e.
Other apps do this bette screen.	r, with mor	e photos on the	
2 You can't send photos in	8	to frie	ends
That's a problem for me			

Make some notes to plan a review about an app or a game you use.

	00000000000
Give the app or game a rating, e.g. 3 stars. Give your review a title.	
Write an introduction. Explain why you use the app or game.	
List three positive points about it.	
List three negative points about it.	

Now write your review.

<u>-</u>	
- V	
60	

Check your work. Tick (/) the steps when you have done them.

1		1	1
1	b		F
7	-	d	

Have I included an introduction? Have I included positive and negative points?

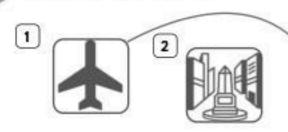
Have I	used	adjectives correctly?
Have I	used	adverbs correctly?

-	
	7
L	J.

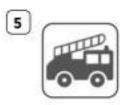


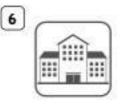
Language booster 1

Look and match.



college
fire station
gate
airport
office
stadium
square
bridge





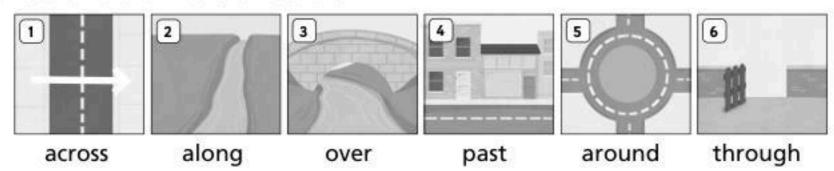




Read and complete the sentences.

	gate	college	bridge	fire station	square	airport	office	stadium
1	You ca	an't go acı	ross the ri	ver here. Ther	e isn't a	br	idge	!
2	My sis	ter is stud	ying Scier	nce at				
3	A lot	of planes t	fly over m	y house becau	use we liv	e near the		
4	My da	d works in	n a big		He's ar	n architect	t.	
5	I went	with my	family to	watch a footb	all match	at the		!
6	There	's a statue	in the mi	ddle of the _		in c	our town	
7	Our h	ouse num	ber is 57.	You can see th	ne numbe	r on the		
8	My da	d is a fire	fighter. H	e works at the			3	

Read and draw the directions.



Read and circle the directions.

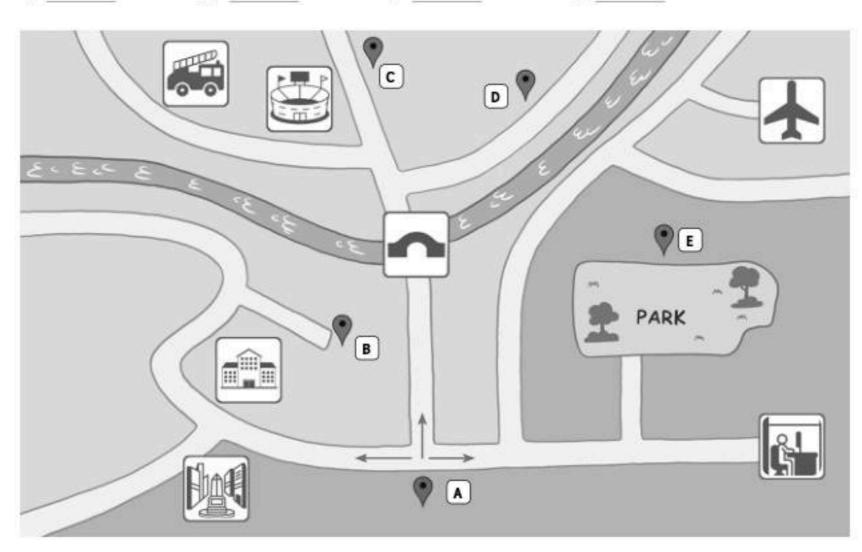
How do I get to your house from the swimming pool?

Go along / through the river and straight on / over the bridge. Go past / straight on. Then go across / around the road and along / past the hospital. My house is next to the park. You go over / through a big gate. See you soon!





2 _____ 3 _____



_				
Look at the map	in Activity 1	and complete	the directions.	Start at A.

1	Can you tell me the way
	to the office, please?

Of course!	Turn_	right	and
go			

Can you tell me the way
to the square, please?

Turn		, and the	n turn
again.	The square	is on your	left.

Can you tell me the way
to the airport, please?

Yes, I can. Turn		and then take
the first	. Go	the
river, and take the	second_	

3	*	Write	directions	to	the	fire	station.	Start	at	Α.

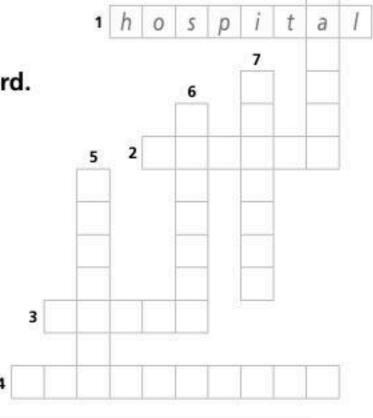
0	
0	
0	
	



M	-	-	~	h		10	ru
v	u	S	u	u	u.	ιu	ı u

- Read the clues and complete the crossword.
 - 1 a place you go to when you are sick
 - 2 a beautiful home for a king or queen
 - 3 a tall building or part of a building
 - 4 a modern building that is extremely tall
 - 5 a building where people make things
 - 6 a place where large boats can stop
 - 7 a place where you can watch sport
 - 8 a very safe place to live in the past

ARTS.							
100	Comp	oto	the	places	in	2	city
w	Comp	CLC	LIIC	piaces		а	City.



huilding	building	centre	shon	office	nool	station	centre
Dumunig	building	centre	SHOP	Office	poor	Station	centre

1	office	building
	OTTICE	Dullaling

- 2 toy
- 3 sports
- 4 swimming
- 5 shopping
- 6 train
- 7 apartment
- 8 post



Read the I'm learning box. Then write the definitions.

I'm learning

Describing places You can describe places by saying what you do there.

A stadium is a place where you can watch football.

- 1 hospital A hospital is a place where you can see a doctor.
- 2 sports centre
- 3 office building
- 4 shopping centre
- 5 bookshop
- 6 swimming pool
- Write about three or more places near your home. What can you do there? Use words from this lesson and your own ideas.





Read and complete the sentences from the dialogue on Pupil's Book page 34. Who said them? Write. Then listen and check.

MOX	44X 🗐
370	学出下
i < i	5 42
6.3	37.3
110	102

	behind	hospital	place	reme	mber	stadi	um
1	Faisal	Oh, dear! \	Where's	the	sta	dium	?
2		I didn't like	e it in _			_20	
3		The stadiu	m is rigl	nt			us!
4		What's this	big _			?	
5		Oh, yes. I			- ••		



Read the dialogue again and circle T (true) or F (false). Explain your answers.

1	Faisal learned to swim at the sports centre. Arlo learned to swim at the sports centre.	T/F
2	The stadium is near the hospital where Arlo went in April.	T/F
3	The boys went to a factory where people make chocolate.	T/F
4	The doctors and nurses that Arlo met at the hospital were friendly.	T/F
5	The boys didn't see the stadium on the street map.	T/F



Read and complete the dialogues. Then listen and check.

1 A: I've never seen a football match							
	1	A: I've	never	seen	a	football	match

B:

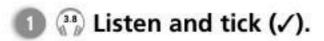
2	A:	Is that Amal?
	B: Yes, it is. Let's go and t	talk to her.
3	A: Issa's meeting us at fo	ur oʻclock.

Work in pairs. Write another dialogue for each expression. Then act out the dialogues.

Let's go!

Right. No way! Hey, look!

Relative pronouns





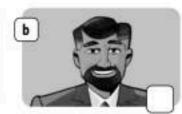
1 It's the country that Nadia is going to go to.





2 It's the person who is travelling with Nadia.





3 It's the month when Nadia wants to travel.





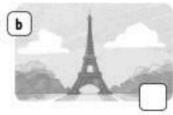
4 It's the place where they're going to stay.





5 It's a famous place which Nadia wants to visit.





Circle the correct relative pronouns.

- 1 A baker is a person who / which / where bakes bread and pastries.
- 2 The football match when / that / where we saw last week was great!
- 3 Home is the place that/who/where I feel the most comfortable.
- 4 Summer is the time which/when/ who most people have holidays.
- 5 This is the e-reader who/which/ when I bought last week.

Complete the sentences. Use relative pronouns.

> are always there for you sells fruit and vegetables it sometimes snows you should use carefully you can learn about history

- 1 A museum is a place <u>where you</u> can learn about history .
- 2 Friends are people
- 3 A smartphone is a device
- 4 Winter is the season
- 5 A greengrocer is someone
- Write sentences with relative pronouns. Use the words below and your own ideas.
 - 1 a person / makes me laugh
 - 2 a place / I like to spend time
 - 3 the time of year / I feel best
 - 4 a sport / I often play or watch
 - 5 a person / I'd love to meet
 - 6 a device / I want to buy
 - My friend Nour is a person who makes me laugh.

2 3

4

6

Sentences from Activity 4 with your partner.



After you read Read the mystery story on Pupil's Book page 36 again. Number the events in order.							
a Rakan and Omar followed the g	uide up the stairs.						
b A man in traditional clothes gave							
C Omar and Rakan ran to the pala							
d The guide told the visitors about							
e Omar woke up and found somet							
f Omar noticed something strange							
g Rakan called to Omar and told hh Omar fell into a secret room beh							
II Offiai fell lifto a secret room ber	illid the bookcase.						
Answer the questions. Write comple	ete sentences.						
1 Where was Omar when Rakan told him to hurry?	4 What did Omar notice about the windows in the picture?						
He was under a tree in front of							
the palace.	5 Why did everything go black after the bookcase moved?						
2 What was the first room that the visitors saw in the palace?							
3 Where was the picture of the man who used to live in the palace?	6 Where do you think the paintbrush came from?						
Compound nouns Some nouns are compound nouns which are made up of two words.	en look and write the compound nouns. 1 arm bath book chair dish room shop washer 2 brush head fighter fire						
sketch + book = sketchbook book + case = bookcase	home paint phones work						
	ball board fall market skate super volley water						
1 armchair,							
2							
3							

Listen and complete the sentences with one, two or three words.



- 1 We live on the <u>second floor</u> of the apartment building, so I usually take the lift.
- 2 The sports hall is at the end of that over there.
- 3 My grandma's favourite chair is the blue one _____ of the sitting room.
- 4 We walked up the _____ of the building and through the main door.
- 5 There's a café ______ of that building. It has a nice view.
- 2 Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences.



- 1 There's a picture on the wall
- 2 The armchair is in the ______.
- 3 There's a light on the ______.
- 4 The ball is on the



5	This is the	to the subway.
6	Two people are on the	2
7	There's a man on the	
8	A woman is next to th	e

Past continuous

Complete the sentences with the Past continuous form of the verbs in the box.

sit not/work talk not/watch wait visit

- 1 Zaid <u>was sitting</u> outside on the steps when it started to rain.
- 2 When I got home from school, my dad TV.
- 3 You _____ to Dana when we saw you today.
- 4 When the swimming pool opened, we _____ in the queue.
- 5 The lift
 when I tried to use it, so I walked
 up the stairs.
- 6 I _____ a castle when I saw a strange painting on the wall.
- Complete the sentences for you in the Past continuous.
 - 1 When I woke up yesterday, my brother was having a shower
 - 2 When I arrived at school, my friends
 - 3 When I got to class, our teacher
 - 4 When I got home after school, my
 - 5 When my parents called me for dinner, I
 - 6 When my friend texted me, I



			~		
	fter you read Read the tex (false) or DS (doesn't	44 SASSE	101 SAC 1967		(true),
1	A man from France tol	d the world	d about Petra.		
	F A man from Switze	erland told	the world abo	ut Petra.	4 6
2	There wasn't any wate	r in Petra 2	,000 years ago).	
3	Most of Petra is still be	uried unde	rground.		
4	Pompeii was a small to	wn when t	he volcano er	upted.	
5	Some archaeologists st	arted digg	ing under peo	ple's houses.	
2	Who built Petra? The Mean How do we know that According to archaeolo	they grew	food at Petra	L Primeric Manhabata Asian	
4	How long ago did the	volcano co	ver Pompeii w	ith ash?	
5	What did the ancient F	Romans do	to some walls	in Pompeii?	
3 (1	Listen and complete	the notes			
	• Town :	1	Umm Qais		
	Ancient to	wn: 2			
1	• Location:	It's ³		north of Irbid.	
	• History:	Gad	ara is more tha	n ⁴	years old.
		It wa	as an importan	t town for the and then for the	

Wiswing and presenting \(\bigcap \) \(\bigcap \) Work in groups. Choose another ancient city in the Arab world and find answers to the questions. Then make a fact file and share it with the class.

aqueduct and a Roman 7

At the site, there is a museum and a

- 1 Where is it located?
- 2 How old is the city?
- 3 Why was it important?

Famous places:

For visitors:

4 Why did people leave the city?

and the Romans.

There is a Roman aqueduct, a tunnel under the

5 What are the most famous places there?

English in action

Giving directions in a building

Read and complete the dialogue. Then listen and check.



On the second floor? Is there an escalator?

Yes, I am. I love learning about ancient cultures.

Thank you. Good morning to you, too.

And what about the toilets? Where are they, please?

Yes, it is. I'm learning about history at school.

Can you tell me where the jewellery exhibition is?

Man: Good morning. Welcome to the archaeology museum.

Girl: ¹ Thank you. Good morning to you, too.

Man: Is this your first visit to the museum?

Girl: 2

Man: Really? Are you enjoying it?

Girl:

Man: Oh, they are very interesting.

Girl: '

Man: Yes, of course. It's upstairs on the second floor.

Girl:

Man: No, there isn't, but there is a lift. Go down that corridor.

Girl: 6

Man: They're on the ground floor, next to the café.

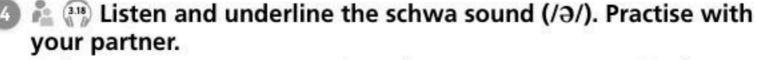
Circle the correct words.

- 1 You can go up in the lift / doors. Then go around / along the corner.
- 2 You go through / up those two doors and then around / along the corridor.
- 3 The toilets are down / straight on and around / left the corner.
- 4 There wasn't an escalator / a corridor so I took the stairs / downstairs.

Work in pairs. Choose a place and write another dialogue. Use Activity 1 to help you.

a castle a library a palace

Pronunciation -





1 skyscraper 4 escalator 7 adventure

2 the 5 firefighter 8 visitor

3 interesting 6 water 9 supermarket

Reading Words in context Read and complete the sentences. sketched zoomed yelled remembered whispered smiled 1 Salah sketched a castle in his notebook. 2 Nadia and felt happy about her dream. 3 We because we were in the library. 4 I where I left my backpack! 5 The motorbike quickly down the street. when he hurt his foot. 6 Dad Read the story on Pupil's Book page 40 again. Match. 1 Yousuf wanted to write a story [e] a he was lying in his bed. 2 He felt pleased when **b** and it flew out of the window. 3 Yousuf heard a noise while c he finished his drawing of the bird. **d** over the people in the harbour. 4 He was amazed when e but he didn't have any ideas. 5 Yousuf jumped onto the bird f the bird started talking to him. 6 He yelled when they flew Answer the questions. Write complete sentences. 4 Why did Yousuf feel sad when he 1 Why was Yousuf amazed when he saw the bird? woke up? Because it was the bird from his drawing. 2 What did Yousuf feel scared about 5 Why did Yousuf smile before he at first? started to write? 3 What buildings did Yousuf see while 6 What do you think he saw at the end he was flying? of the story?

- Imagine what happens to Yousuf after he sees the harbour and before he goes home. Use the ideas below. Then share your ideas with the class.
 - After Yousuf sees the harbour, ...
 - Then the bird ...
 - Yousuf sees ...

- Then they fly to ...
- Yousuf feels ...

Literacy: short stories

Writing

Read what the people said. Then complete the sentences.

Do you want to fly? <u>I don't like football</u>
That room is closed Don't tell anyone
You're too slow!

	-57	200	ΨP	œĸ	APRIL D	
12.5	-	-20	w		71	110
(14.E)		50	ш	ua.	33	m:

Show the words that people say like this:

'I'm so excited about the match tonight,'
Sultan said.
'Ouch!' he shouted.
'My foot hurts!'

1	' I don't like foot	ball ,' Kamal said. 'I prefer basketball.'
2	*	,' I whispered quietly. 'It's a secret!'
3	The bird asked, '	' and I said, 'Yes, please!'
4	•	' the boys yelled, so I walked faster.
5	The guide said, '	,' so we couldn't go in.

Plan a short story.

<u></u>

-					
	Marer			-haut	
IE-39	NOW	write	vour	Snort	story.
100			,		

·

			V
Check your work. Tick (✓) th	ie step:	s when you have done them.	-
Have I included all the parts of the story?		Have I written what the characters said correctly?	
Have I used the past tenses correctly?		Have I included some relative pronouns?	



Happy homes

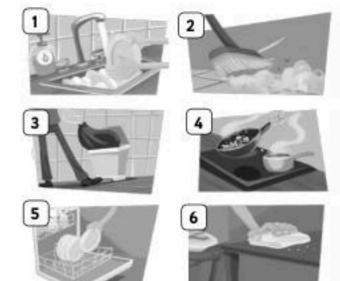
Vocabulary

- Read and circle the correct words.
 - 1 I always water / load / put away my clothes in the wardrobe.
 - 2 I have to help my dad dust / cook / empty the furniture.
 - 3 Do you put away / tidy up / load your room every day?
 - 4 I can't study. Dad wants to vacuum / clear / dust the carpet.
 - 5 You need to empty / water / sweep the plants. They look bad!
 - 6 Could you wash / cook / take out the rubbish, please?



Look at the pictures. Con	nplete the sentences.	1
1 If I make lunch, will you	do the washing-up?	0
2 We need to		2
3 Don't forget to	before	3
you go.		1)

- because Mum 4 I never always does.
- 5 It's your turn to
- before you do 6 Please homework.



Read the I'm learning box. Then read and complete the sentences for you. Use phrases from this lesson and your own ideas.

I'm learning -

Describing your life New language is easier to remember when you use it to describe your life and habits.

I always tidy up. I sometimes clear the table.

1	I usually	tidy up	once a	week . I	also	water the	plants.
---	-----------	---------	--------	----------	------	-----------	---------

- 2 I sometimes but I never
- 3 I often and I always _______.
- 4 | I also _______.
- 5 I never _____ and I don't

🙆 🔐 Write three or more sentences about you and your family. What jobs at home does each person do? Use the adverbs from Activity 3.





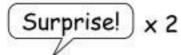
Read and complete the sentences from the dialogue on Pupil's Book page 44. Then write who says the sentences and listen and check.

		bins cake floor mess tidy		
1 _	Alia	But look at the <u>mess</u> over here!		
2		And we haven't swept the	yet.	
3		Well, we've already made a	!	
4		What a mess! Hurry up! We have to		_up!
5 _		Have you emptied the	et?	

Read the dialogue again and circle T (true) or F (false). Explain your answers.

1	Lara's dad's cake isn't ready when he arrives. They've already made the cake.	T/E
2	Lara has already done the washing-up.	T/F
3	The floor isn't dirty because Lara cleaned it.	T / F
4	Alia tells Lara that the bins are empty.	T/F

Read and complete the dialogues. Then listen and check.



Hang on! x 2 What a mess!



- 1 A: Where did these flowers come from?
 - B: Surprise! They're for you!
- 2 A: Oh, no! I dropped the milk!
 - B: Let's clean it up.
- 3 A: This is going in the bin.

B:		That's
	my homework!	

- 4 A: Look at this room!
 - B: I know. I have to tidy it up.
- 5 A: I can't wait for you. I'm leaving now.
 - I only need a B: minute.
- 6 A: I don't like my phone. It's so old.
 - Here's a new B: one!
- Work in pairs. Write another dialogue for each expression. Then act out the dialogues.

Present perfect with already, just and yet

🕕 😩 Listen and look at the picture. Circle four mistakes.



Underline the mistakes and write the correct sentences.



- 1 Amal hasn't cleared <u>yet</u> the table.

 Amal hasn't cleared the table yet.
- 2 Have already you swept the floor?
- 3 We've just load the dishwasher.
- 4 Ali has dusted the furniture just.
- 5 Faten just has emptied the bins.
- 6 We've already water the plants.

Read the text. Then write sentences with the Present perfect and already, just or yet.

It's 6.00 pm on Saturday. Khalil arrived home five minutes ago. He has to tidy his room now. Dad's in the living room. He vacuumed the carpet earlier. Now he wants to water the plants. Mum's in the kitchen. She finished the washing-up two minutes ago.

- 1 Khalil / arrive / home Khalil has just arrived home.
- 2 He / tidy / his room
- 3 Dad / vacuum / the carpet
- 4 He / water / the plants
- 5 Mum / do / the washing-up
- Write questions about today. Use the Present perfect and yet. Then ask and answer with a partner.
 - 1 have / breakfast Have you had breakfast yet?
 - 2 tidy / your room
 - 3 a teacher / speak to you
 - 4 do / your homework
 - 5 send / an email



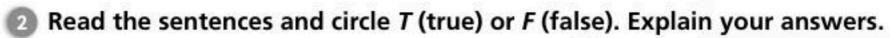
0	After you read	Read the playscript on Pupil's Book page 46 again.
_	Who says	these sentences in the playscript? Write.

1 _	Lulu	We need knives, forks and spoons.
2		Come for lunch! I've already baked a cake.
3 _		Anansi jumped in the river to escape from
		his friends.

Hi, Anansi. Have you had lunch yet?

It smells like chocolate cake!

I've already chopped the vegetables.



1	Ronny doesn't want any help from Anansi.	T/F	Ronny says Anansi can help.
2	Mahel hasn't swent the floor yet	T/F	

Mabel hasn't swept the floor yet.

3 Henry has already boiled the vegetables. T/F

4 Lulu put salt on the food before cooking it. T/F

5 Anansi waited in the park before lunch. T/F

6 Anansi's legs became much shorter. T/F

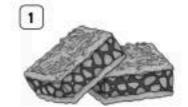
Read the Work with words box. Then look and make collocations.

Work with words

Collocations: verb + noun

Collocations are phrases with two or more parts. Some have a verb and a noun.

sweep + the floor empty + the bin do + the washing-up







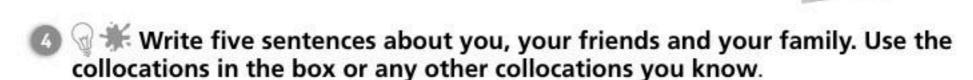


5

1 I've already made	the cakes	•
2 You have to press		to turn it on.
3 Can you lay	fe	or dinner, please?
4 Let's make	fo	r lunch.

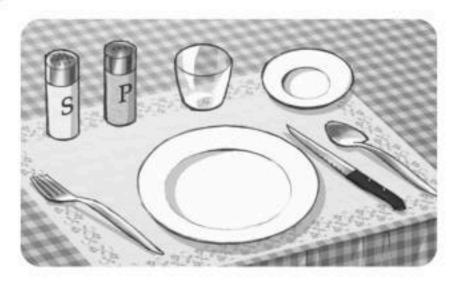
to my sister every night. 5 I read I gave you yet? 6 Have you posted





visit a palace go scooting load the dishwasher play volleyball go online do puzzles write a diary

Look and complete the sentences.



1	dinner, please.	salt	on my
2	Do you want son on your food, to		
3	Thisvery well.	doesr	n't cut
4	You need a the soup.		to eat
5	I can't eat my ve have a	getables	. I don't

2	Listen and number in
	order. Then complete.



a ba	ke	1 chop	· 🗍	mix	
Mum:	Can	you help r	ne cook	dinner,	Imad?
Imad:	Sure.	What car	n I do?		

boil

Mum: Well, you can ¹ <u>chop</u> some vegetables. Then we have to ² them for five minutes.

Imad: And what are you doing?

Mum: I'm preparing some chicken. First,

I 3 ______ it into pieces. Then I

4 _____ it with the vegetables.

Imad: OK. And then what?

Mum: We have to ⁵_____ some salt and pepper. Then we ⁶____

it in the oven.

add

Imad: That sounds good!

Sense verbs: look, smell, taste, sound, feel

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs. Match.

1		o? It _	salt die taste	d you ad	ld to the really
2	Wha	at's tha	at sound	1?	
	It _		li	ke thun	der.
3	You	r shoes	5		so
	pret	ty. I lo	ve the c	olour.	
4	Tha	t bread	ł		
	deli	cious!	really	want so	me!
5	Wov	w! This	old cha	air is rea	lly hard
	It			ke a roc	1250

	ь	3 -	c	1
		20	6)
d			6	
			7	

Choose five topics from the box. Write sentences using each of the sense verbs. Then compare with your partner.

5	new clothes fis			
			old trainers	



After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 48 again. Tick (✓) the foods that the sentences describe.

	rashoof	shuwa	dumplings
1 People often eat them at Eid al-Fitr.		✓	
2 People make them with very thin dough.			
3 You must boil them in hot water.			
4 People often eat them in winter.			
5 You wrap them in leaves before cooking			
6 They have meat or vegetables inside them.			

- Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
 - 1 What is rashoof? It's a traditional dish from Jordan.
 - 2 What makes rashoof thick and creamy?
 - 3 What meat is used in shuwa?
 - 4 What is shuwa usually eaten with?
 - 5 When do Chinese families make dumplings?
 - 6 When do the Chinese celebrate New Year?
- Listen to a report about a traditional food. Complete the notes.



Food: Banh chung is a sticky rice 2______ that people eat at New Year.

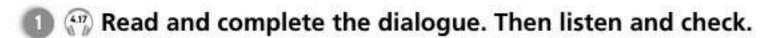
- rice with meat and ⁴
 - Make into ⁵ square cakes.
 - Wrap the cakes in ⁶ leaves. ⁷ the banh chung in hot water for six hours.

Other facts:

- Some people make banh chung without 8
- People usually eat banh chung with 9
- Wiswing and presenting P Page 1 Work in groups. Choose a traditional festival and find answers to the questions. Then make a poster and share it with the class.
 - 1 Why do people celebrate this festival?
 - 2 When do people celebrate it?
 - 3 What traditional food do people eat?
 - 4 Who makes the food?
 - 5 How do people make the food?

English in action

Offering to help





Chicken with rice and vegetables. Yes, please, Sana. You can clear the table.

How about loading the dishwasher? Yes, of course.

I've already washed them. Thank you.

Can I help you with anything, Mum? ¹ Yes, please, Sana. You can clear the table.
Do you want me to help cook, too?
What's for lunch?
That sounds delicious. I'll boil the rice.
Shall I chop the vegetables, too? Yes, please. ⁵
What do you want me to do now?

		O.		
	N.	9	AL.	
Z.		111	103	7/
4-	V			AU

Read the sentences. Write offers. Then act out the dialogues with your partner.



	A CALIFORNIA OF THE PARTY OF TH	
1	'I have a test tomorrow.'	
	I'll help you study for it.	
2	'The kitchen is a mess!'	
	Do you	?
3	'I didn't have lunch today.'	
	Can I	?
4	'We don't have any milk.'	
	Shall I	?
5	'I'm tidying the garage.'	
	What do	?
6	'The floor isn't very clean.'	
	1711	

Т	□ Compare the school or cross control or cross contr	wa soun ss (x). Ti	hen
1	water		
2	herb		
3	dessert		回數學系統
4	dinner		
5	verb		
6	butter		
7	pepper		
	dishwasher		



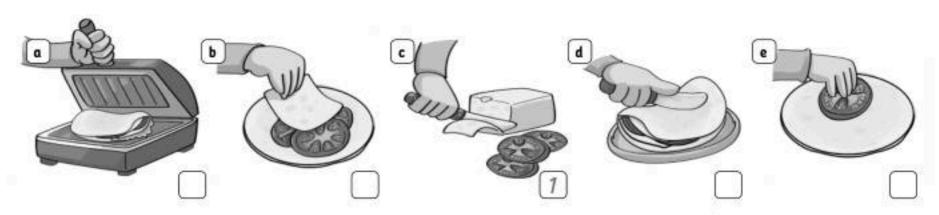
rds in context	Readir
Unscramble the words and cor	mplete the sentences.
1 I don't have a metalt	tray (yart) so I can't bake bread.
2 Fadi always puts chocolate	(eacus) on ice cream.
3 Would you like some	(retubt) in your sandwich?
4 You'll only need one	(snopateo) of salt for this recipe
5 We need a	(logriln nip) to make the dough thin.
6 Granny always has	(carme) and sugar in coffee.
Read the recipe for fruit on sticks Number the instructions in order.	
 a After that, melt the chocolate 	e in the microwave.
b Then, take the fruit and chop	it into small pieces.
c Next, heat the chocolate and	cream and mix them again.
d First, make sure you have all t	the ingredients.
e Then, add the cream to the ch	
f Finally, eat the fruit with the	
Read the recipe for cheese straws Write complete sentences.	s again. Answer the questions.
1 How much grated cheese do we r	need to make this recipe?
We need 75 grammes of grated of	
2 What must we beat before we ad	ld it to the other ingredients?
3 Why do we need to rub the butte	er with our fingers?
4 How hot must the oven be to coo	ok the dough?
Viewing and presenting Work in g and make notes. Share your idea 1 Why do you like the recipe?	roups. Choose a recipe. Discuss the question as with the class.
2 What ingredients do you need?	

- 3 How is the dish prepared?
- 4 How does it smell and taste?

Writing

Number the pictures in order. Then complete the recipe.

after that finally first next then



Hot tomato and cheese sandwiches

- First , cut pieces of tomato and cheese.
- ______, put the tomato on a piece of bread.
- ______, add the cheese and another piece of bread.
- , put butter on the outside.
- cook the sandwich very slowly.

Writing

When you write instructions, make sure the order is clear. You can use bullet points (•), numbers (1, 2, 3, etc.), and words like first, next, then.

Plan a recipe for a dish that you like.

Write a title for your recipe.

List the ingredients you need for your recipe. Use abbreviations: g (grammes), °C (degrees Celsius), etc.

List the recipe instructions. Use cooking verbs: add, cut, chop, boil, etc.



Now write your recipe.

	7.1
	24
	23
5	=======================================
<u> </u>	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
<u></u>	=======================================
<u></u>	-2.5
	2:

Check your work. Tick (✓) the steps when you have done them.

H	lave	I	listed	all	the	ingr	ed	ien	ts	?

Have	Lucad	abbreviations	correctly
riave	Luseu	appleviations	correctly:

1	Have	1	used	cooking	verbs?
2		•			

)	Have I written a clear sequence
	of instructions?





Language booster 2

	recycled	intereste	d comfort	able bet	ter casua	al
Hala is	interested	in cle	othes.			A
	clothe	es make F	lala happy.			
She likes plai						3 00
She thinks ur				-00 habit burning	- 14 A	-
She tries to b	(F) (100)			othes.		
Then she cha	nges them	so they I	ook		A	
1 Who or wh clothes?	made me i			o you ofte /hat are yo	8,500	
clothes?	made me i our favouri	nterested	d in 4 W	/hat are yo	ou going to party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. 2 What are ye	made me i our favouri te clothes a	nterested ite clothe are	l in 4 W s? l'i	/hat are yo our family m going to	ou going to party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. 2 What are your My favourit	made me i our favouri te clothes a tences. Us ter ma ma	nterested ite clothe ire se a word kes ike	l in 4 W s? l'i	/hat are yo our family m going to	party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. What are your favourite four sen My brother/sist Books My friends Homework	made me i our favouri te clothes a tences. Us ter ma ma	nterested ite clothe ire se a word ikes ike ike	d in 4 W	hat are your family m going to column. difficult. happy. better. interesting	party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. What are your My favourit Vrite four sen My brother/sis Books My friends Homework New clothes My brother n	made me i our favouri te clothes a tences. Us ter ma ma	nterested ite clothe ite a word se a word ske n like n si	d from each fe hy mum/dad chool	hat are your family m going to column. difficult. happy. better. interesting fun.	party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. What are your favourite four sen My brother/sist Books My friends Homework New clothes My brother n	made me i our favouri te clothes a tences. Us ter ma ma	nterested ite clothe ite clothe i	d from each fe hy mum/dad chool	hat are your family m going to column. difficult. happy. better. interesting fun.	party next	o wear t
clothes? clothes. What are years My favourit Vrite four sen My brother/sis Books My friends Homework New clothes My brother n	made me i our favouri te clothes a tences. Us ter ma ma	nterested ite clothe ite a word se a word ikes li ike n se a	d from each fe hy mum/dad chool	hat are your family m going to column. difficult. happy. better. interesting fun.	party next	o wear t

Read and listen to the dialogue on Pupil's Book page 53 again and circle T (true) or F (false). Explain your answers.



1	Rola isn't ready yet.	T/F
2	Maha hasn't made a cake yet.	T/F
3	Rola's new dress is casual.	T/F
4	Rola's jeans aren't big enough.	T/F
5	Her jeans make her uncomfortable.	T/F
6	Maha is wearing an old bracelet.	T/F



Circle the clothes in red and the adjectives in blue.

 $\delta^{\text{ress}comfortable} jeans sweats hirts \textit{kirtstripedplains} smarttie casual top$

- Write a new dialogue. Use clothes words and adjectives.
 - A: I don't know what to wear.
 - B: You could wear your new ______ (adjective)

_____(clothes).

- A: That/Those ______ (clothes) is/are too _____ (adjective). It/They make/makes me _____ (adjective).
- B: How about your _____ (clothes)?
- A: Yes, OK. I'll wear my ______ (adjective) _____ (clothes). It's/They're ______ (adjective). What are you wearing?
- B: My _____ (adjective) _____ (clothes) and my ____ (adjective) _____ (clothes).

Oh, and this _____ (adjective) _____

(clothes) to make it look better!

Tree Day

Look and write.

desert green space olives palm tree plant school trip



- 2 After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 56 again. Circle T (true), F (false) or DS (doesn't say). Explain your answers.
 - 1 Tree Day in Jordan lasts for a week. T /F/ DS It lasts for one day.
 - 2 It began in 1939. T / F / DS
 - 3 It takes place on the same day all over the world. T / F / DS
 - 4 Only people in cities in Jordan plant trees. T / F / DS
 - 5 Planting a tree is the first thing people do on Tree Day. T / F / DS
- Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
 - 1 Which are the most popular trees to plant?

 Palm trees are the most popular trees to plant.
 - 2 What kind of tree did Hanan's class plant?
 - 3 Where did Hanan's class go on Tree Day?
 - 4 What aren't there many of in Jordan?
 - 5 What can Tree Day help us understand?
- Wiewing and presenting A Work in groups. What activities can you do for Tree Day in school? Make a list. Share it with the class.

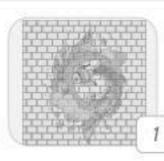
Belonging to My School Day

Read the definitions and write the words. Then match the definitions to the pictures.

assembly community headteacher mural proud











- 1 a picture that is painted on a wall
 2 all the people who live in a particular area
 3 a regular meeting of all the teachers and pupils
 4 feeling pleased about something
 5 the person in charge of a school
- After you read Read the text on Pupil's Book page 57 again. Then complete the sentences.
 - Laith goes to school in Zarqa, which is the second largest ______ city ____ ir Jordan.
 Laith's school celebrated Belonging to My School Day in ______.
 - 3 Laith had never _____ of the day before.
 - 4 Pupils, teachers and _____ all took part.
 - 5 It's a day when students and teachers can feel ______ of their school.
 - 6 A school is a very important part of a ______.
- Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.
 - 1 How did the celebrations for Belonging to My School Day begin? They began with a big assembly.
 - 2 Who talked about the importance of education?
 - 3 Where did the pupils go after the assembly?
 - 4 What did Laith's teacher want them to create?
 - 5 What did Laith's class and his teacher decide to do?
- Wiewing and presenting & D ** Work in pairs. Make a poster for Belonging to My School Day. Share it with the class.

Welcome

cheerful (adjective) – happy
confident (adjective) – certain about
your ability to do things well
friendly (adjective) – behaving in a kind
way because you like somebody or want
to help

hard-working (adjective) – doing a job well

kind (adjective) – nice and generous to others

lazy (adjective) – not wanting to work polite (adjective) – showing respect for other people

quiet (adjective) - not making noise
responsible (adjective) - taking care of
things and people

shy (adjective) – not confident tidy (adjective) – keeping things in order and in the correct place

untidy (adjective) - not tidy

Unit 1

archery (noun) – a sport in which you shoot arrows

athletics (noun) – sports that include running and jumping

audiobook (noun) – a book that you listen to

badminton (noun) – similar to tennis; players hit a light ball called a shuttlecock over a high net

blog (noun) – a website where you write your thoughts

board game (noun) – a game played on a board, e.g. chess

book fair (noun) – an event where books are sold or shown

cartoon (noun) – a film or TV programme made with drawings

cycling (noun) – the sport or activity of riding a bike

diary (noun) – a book you write your personal thoughts in or about what has happened each day

do (verb) – to perform an action or job draw (verb) – to make pictures with a pen or pencil

eco-lodge (noun) – a special place to stay in the desert

energy (noun) – to do work and not get tired

freedom (noun) – when you can make your own choices and do what you want gardening (noun) – growing and taking care of plants

go (verb) – to travel or move somewhere gymnastics (noun) – a sport where people do jumps and other moves to show strength and balance

heat (noun) – the quality of being hot hobby (noun) – something you do in your free time for fun

hockey (noun) – a team sport where players use sticks to hit a ball and score goals

ice skating (noun) – an activity or sport done on ice with special shoes listen (verb) – to pay attention to someone or something in order to hear them

make (verb) – to create or produce something

model (noun) - a smaller copy of something, e.g. a building or a car museum (noun) - a building where you can see important things from the past photography (noun) - the activity of taking photographs picture (noun) - an image created to show what something looks like, e.g. a painting or drawing play (verb) - to take part in a sport or a game puzzle (noun) – a game where you fit pieces together route (noun) - a path or road to get to one place from another scooting (noun) - the activity of riding a scooter skiing (noun) – to move on snow using skis snowboarding (noun) - to move on snow using a snowboard sun cream (noun) - a cream used on the skin to protect it from the sun table tennis (noun) - a sport where players hit a small ball over a net volleyball (noun) - a game in which two teams use their hands to hit a ball over a net watch (verb) - to look at something for a period of time write (verb) - to make words using a pen or pencil

Unit 2

on a mobile phone or other device button (noun) - the thing you press to make something work camera (noun) - a piece of equipment used to take photographs or to make films challenge (verb) - to try something difficult to test your skills click (verb) - to press part of a device, e.g. a computer, to make it do something computer (noun) - an electronic machine that can store and arrange lots of information device (noun) - an electronic gadget, e.g. a phone or a tablet digital (adjective) – involving computers or electronic technology download (verb) – to copy computer programs, or other information from the internet to your device e-reader (noun) - a device for reading digital books and magazines headphones (noun) - a device worn on the head to listen to sound from a phone or other device icon (noun) - a small picture on a computer screen that you choose to make the computer do something internet (noun) - the system that connects computers all over the world and lets people look at websites laptop (noun) – a small computer that you can carry around

app (noun) – a small computer program

message (noun) – to send someone an email or text

online (adjective) – connected to the internet

password (noun) – a secret word that lets you do something, e.g. use your computer

photo (noun) – a picture a camera
makes

press (verb) - to push something
printer (noun) - a machine that makes
copies of documents, pictures or photos
on paper

problem (noun) - a difficult situation program (verb) - to write or create instructions for a computer score (verb) - to get points in a game screen (noun) - the part of a TV or computer that shows images search (verb) - to look for something selfie (noun) - a photo that you take of yourself, usually with a mobile phone send (verb) - to give something to someone, by mail or electronically smartphone (noun) - a mobile phone that is like a small computer and that connects to the internet solve (verb) - to find an answer speaker (noun) - the part of a computer or smartphone which the sound comes

technology (noun) – knowledge and equipment that are used in science and industry

tip (noun) - a piece of helpful advice

turn off (verb) – to move the switch on a machine so that it stops working turn on (verb) – to move the switch on a machine so that it starts working TV (noun) – a piece of equipment, with a screen, used for watching programmes type (verb) – to press keys on a computer or phone to make words upload (verb) – to send files from your device to the internet.

video (noun) – an electronic recording of images, e.g. a TV programme, that can be watched website (noun) – pages on the internet where someone puts information

Learning Club 1

across (preposition) - from one side to the other side of something along (preposition) - from part of a road or street to another around (preposition) - in a circle or close to something field game (noun) - a game with one team hitting a hard ball with a bat while the other tries to catch it goal-scoring game (noun) - a game in which one team goes over the halfway line to score a point or a goal halfway line (noun) - a line that divides a sports field into two parts over (preposition) - from one side to the other side of something past (preposition) - moving by something racket (noun) - a piece of equipment that you use to hit a ball in sports

out of

shuttlecock (noun) - a small object with feathers that is used like a ball in badminton

straight on (adverb) - going in a straight line without changing direction through (preposition) - from one end or side of something to the other

Unit 3

apartment (noun) - rooms for someone to live in a building, usually on one floor apartment building (noun) - a large structure with separate apartments building (noun) - a structure with walls and a roof, e.g. a school or shopping centre

castle (noun) - a large, strong building built in the past for protection, or as a home for kings and queens ceiling (noun) - the part of a room above your head

corner (noun) - the place where two walls meet

corridor (noun) - a long narrow passage in a building, with doors that go into rooms on either side

entrance (noun) - a door that you use to enter a building

escalator (noun) - moving stairs that take people from one level of a building to another

exit (noun) - the door you use to leave a building

factory (noun) - a large building where many products are made or produced floor (noun) - the part that you walk on inside a building

harbour (noun) - an area of water with strong walls near the coast; boats and ships are kept here and are safe from the sea

hospital (noun) - a place where ill or injured people go to get better lift (noun) - a machine that carries people up and down in tall buildings office building (noun) - a room or building where people work palace (noun) - a large house where a king or queen lives

remember (verb) - to think about something again

roof (noun) - the top part of a building that protects it

sketch (verb) – to draw something quickly skyscraper (noun) - a very tall building smile (verb) - to make a happy or friendly expression with your mouth sports centre (noun) - a building with places where you do different sports stadium (noun) – a large outdoor area with seats for people to watch sports events

stairs (noun) - steps from one level in a building to another

steps (noun) - a surface that you put your foot on in order to go to a higher or lower level

swimming pool (noun) - an area of water that people swim in tower (noun) - a very tall, narrow building, or part of a building wall (noun) - the side of a room or building

Wordlist

whisper (verb) – to speak very quietly so that other people can't hear yell (verb) – to shout something loudly zoom (verb) – to travel very fast

Unit 4

add (verb) – to put something with something else

bake (verb) – to cook something in an oven

bin (noun) – a container to put rubbish in

boil (verb) – to cook something in very hot water, e.g. pasta

butter (noun) – a soft, yellow food made from cream and used to spread on bread or cook with

carpet (noun) – a thick material for covering floors

chop (verb) – to cut something into small pieces

clear (verb) – to remove all the objects from a place

clothes (noun) — items that you wear on your body

cook (verb) – to prepare food
cream (noun) – a thick, white liquid that
comes from milk

cut (verb) – to use a knife to divide something or remove part of something dinner (noun) – the main meal of the day that people usually eat in the evening

dishwasher (noun) – a machine that washes plates and glasses

dust (verb) – to remove a powder called dust from something

empty (verb) - to remove the things
from something

fork (noun) – a small object that you use to pick up food and eat with

fry (verb) – to cook something in hot oil furniture (noun) – objects such as chairs and tables that you put into a room knife (noun) – an object you use to cut things with

load (verb) – to put a lot of things into a machine

mix (verb) – to put two or more things together

pepper (noun) – a black powder you add
to food for flavour

plant (noun) - a living thing that grows
in soil and has got leaves, e.g. a tree
put away (verb) - to put something in
the place where you keep it

rolling pin (noun) – a kitchen tool that you roll over dough to make it thinner rubbish (noun) – things that you throw away because you do not want them salt (noun) – a white powder you add to food for flavour

sauce (noun) – a hot or cold liquid that you put on food

spoon (noun) – a small round object you use to eat food

sweep (verb) – to clean the floor with a brush

table (noun) – a piece of furniture used for eating

take out (verb) - to remove something from a place teaspoon (noun) - a small spoon tidy up (verb) - to make a place clean tray (noun) - a flat object used for carrying food and drinks vacuum (verb) - to clean with a vacuum cleaner washing-up (noun) - the activity of washing the things you have used for cooking and eating water (verb) - to put water on plants

Learning Club 2

casual (adjective) - relaxed and informal cheap (adjective) - not expensive comfortable (adjective) - making you relaxed and not in pain expensive (adjective) - costing a lot of money formal (adjective) - serious and not relaxed informal (adjective) - not serious and relaxed laces (noun) - string to tie shoes plain (adjective) - simple and not complicated smart (adjective) - clean and tidy strap (noun) - a piece of material used to carry something uncomfortable (adjective) - not comfortable unusual (adjective) - different and not ordinary zip (noun) - a thing for fastening clothes

Cover the Past simple and Past participle columns and check what you remember!

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
be	was/were	been
break	broke	broken
bring	brought	brought
buy	bought	bought
catch	caught	caught
choose	chose	chosen
come	came	come
do	did	done
draw	drew	drawn
drink	drank	drunk
drive	drove	driven
eat	ate	eaten
fall	fell	fallen
feel	felt	felt
find	found	found
fly	flew	flown
get	got	got
give	gave	given
go	went	gone/been
have	had	had
hear	heard	heard
hold	held	held
keep	kept	kept
know	knew	known
earn	learned	learned

Infinitive	Past simple	Past participle
et	let	let
ose	lost	lost
make	made	made
meet	met	met
pay	paid	paid
put	put	put
read	read	read
ride	rode	ridden
run	ran	run
say	said	said
see	saw	seen
sell	sold	sold
send	sent	sent
sing	sang	sung
sleep	slept	slept
stand	stood	stood
take	took	taken
teach	taught	taught
tell	told	told
think	thought	thought
throw	threw	thrown
wear	wore	worn
win	won	won
write	wrote	written

Acknowledgements:

The publishers would like to thank teachers from schools in Madrid, Spain, Istanbul, Turkey and Ankara, Turkey for their feedback and comments during the development of the materials.

Image Credit(s):

123rf.com: Angellodeco 21, auremar 47, epantha 37, Merznatalia 19 23, Olha Solodenko 47, Sedatseven 37, Sergey Novikov 35, tan4ikk 9

Alamy Stock Photo: Barnuti Daniel 32, Catchlight Visual Services 43, Clynt Garnham 50, Cultura Creative (RF) 13, D. Hurst 21, Dimitar Todorov 21, Hero Images Inc. 13, Imago 32, Judith Collins 21, Kumar Sriskandan 32, Lubo Ivanko 32, Myrleen Pearson 42, Nataliia Prokofyeva 8, Oleksiy Maksymenko Photography 21, Panther Media GmbH 32, R.M. Nunes 16, Steve Febbraro 32, Thomas Baker 18, Trevor Mogg 32, yannick luthy 38

Ministry of Education: 13, 24, 39, 57

Pearson Education Ltd: 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 18, 19, 28, 30, 32, 33, 42, 43, 52, 54

Shutterstock.com: Aerovista Luchtfotografie 33, Africa Studio 18 35 43, Aleksandar Todorovic 5, AlesiaKan 43, Alex Bezrukov 33, alexandre zveiger 10, Alexey Stiop 13, Ami Parikh 30, Andrew Angelov 5 B, Ann in the uk 9, AnnGaysorn 8, Anton Chernov 47, Anton_Ivanov 32, Antony McAulay 33, antos777 37, Araozt ArtCreationsDesignPhoto 42, AYO Production 57, Barnuti Daniel 32, C.A. Broadribb 37, CeltStudio 18 56 57, Chekunov Aleksandr 13, Connect Images -Legacy 42, Creative_Bird 43, Cultura Creative (RF) 13, D. Hurst 21, Darryl Brooks 37, Denizo71 42, Dimitar Todorov 21, DmitriMaruta B, Donatus Ariel Dermawan 19, Dragon Images 47, Dziewul 43, Erlo Brown 18, FO1 PHOTO 18, fad82 19, FamVeld 9, Fuller Photography 13, GCapture 47, Gelpi 13 15, goir 19, Gorgev 9, Gorodenkoff 8, Ground Picture 8 18 25, Gts 23, Guas 9, HelloRF Zcool 4B, Hen Rico S6, Hero Images Inc. 13, hlphoto 48, Imago 32, ImagoPhoto 57, In Green B, Inside Creative House 56, Ipatov 9, iQoncept (c) 23, Iv_Khomich 43, Jan Willem van Hofwegen 33, JeannieR 17, jMiks 19, Judith Collins 21, Kaspars Grinvalds 19 23, KOTOIMAGES 13, Krakenimages.com 15, ktasimar 23, Kumar Sriskandan 32, Kuzsvetlaya 37, Lana Kray 32, Lapina 56, Laugesen Mateo 45, Leestudio 30, Linaxarabadze 13, Lisa F. Young 23, Littlekidmoment 11, Loboda Dmytro 37, logolord 19, Lordn 43, LSP EM 44, Lubo Ivanko 32, maicasaa 21, Maksym Dykha 19, Margarita 0192 42, Marina Demeshko 42, Marko Poplasen 33, Martin M303 47, Master 1305 9, matimix 30, Matyas Rehak 34, McLittle Stock 19, Mehmet Gokhan Bayhan 47, MIGUEL G. SAAVEDRA 38, MJTH 49, Mongta Studio 18, Monkey Business Images 42, Nadya Lukic 13, Nancy Pauwels 33, Nannycz 9, Nataliia Prokofyeva 8, Nenetus 13, New Africa 5 7 8 19 23, NicoElNino 23, Nurma Agung Firmansyah 43, Oleksiy Maksymenko Photography 21, Olga Altunina 37, Olga Solove 47, Olivier Le Moal 23, Omar Al-Hyari 34, OnlyZoia 8, Panther Media GmbH 32, PATCHARIN.IN 23, paul saad 33, Pavel L Photo and Video 33 37, pedphoto36pm 18, PeopleImages.com -Yuri A 5 42 43, Pete Spiro 33, PhotopankPL 33, Picamaniac 54, Pixel-Shot 14 42 52, Prostock-studio 13, QKon Studio 18, R.M. Nunes 16, Radovan 1 37, rawf8 20, Rawpixel.com 1318, Red Fox studio 7, Rokas Tenys 23, Roman Samborskyi 742, S.I.A 21, Sandrexim 37, SB Arts Media 7, Sebastian Studio 47, Serge Ka 47, Sergey Novikov 7 9, SeventyFour 47, ShutterPulse 19, silky 1, sirtravelalot 18, Sirtravelalot 54, Somkid Saowaros 9, Sportoakimirka B, Syda Productions 43, T.TATSU 11, theLIMEs 43, Thomas Baker 1B, Venn-Photo B, vesnakostic 9, Victoria 1 44, Virojt Changyencham 1B, Vivida Photo PC 45, Vojtech Hlavicka 32, wavebreakmedia 5 42, withGod 33, Wpadington 10, Yalcin Sonat 20, YanLev Alexey Sizov 14, Zaid Ahmed Sarhan 5, Zamrznuti tonovi 11, Zhangyang 37, zsolt_uveges 30, Zurijeta 1543

Illustrated by José Rubio, Juan Fender, Miguel Calero, Pablo Torrecilla, Oscar Herrero, Pep Brocal, Christos Skaltsas (Hyphen) and Zacharias Papadopoulos (Hyphen)

Cover Image:

Pearson Education Ltd: Antonio Marcos Díaz; Shutterstock.com: Here, Studio Romantic